

## 社会心理学演習 Quiz 正解

2008年 5月13日 (火曜)

学籍番号 \_\_\_\_\_

氏名 \_\_\_\_\_

範囲：テキスト第1章（前半）

次の Q1 ～ Q10 の間に、記号（A～E）の1つに○をつけて答えよ。

Q1. The focus of social psychology is on \_\_\_\_.

- A) the processes society use to direct and control the behavior of individuals
- B) how groups define and shape society
- C) the behavior and thoughts of individuals
- D) the actions of small groups of individuals
- E) the effects that society may have on group behavior

Answer: C Page Ref: 9

Q2. The planning fallacy is \_\_\_\_.

- A) a tendency for individuals to believe that projects will take less time than they actually do
- B) a bias that some people have in planning for worst-case scenarios
- C) a tendency to rely on our memories of previous similar activities when planning future projects
- D) the mistaken belief that one can completely plan for social encounters
- E) a technique used by some social psychologists when studying group interactions

Answer: A Page Ref: 9

Q3. The ways we think about other people and the things we remember about them may have an effect on our behavior. These thoughts and memories are examples of \_\_\_\_.

- A) social processes
- B) cultural processes
- C) interpersonal processes
- D) historical processes
- E) cognitive processes

Answer: E Page Ref: 10-11

Q4. People tend to become more irritable and aggressive when the weather is hot and humid. This fact reflects one effect that \_\_\_\_ may have on social behavior.

- A) environmental variables
- B) biological processes
- C) cognitive processes
- D) cultural context
- E) interpersonal variables

Answer: A Page Ref: 11

Q5. The divorce rate in the United States has changed dramatically since the 1950s. This change may be explained in part by the effect that \_\_\_\_ have on behavior.

- A) biological factors

- B) environmental variables
- C) intrapersonal conflicts
- D) cultural beliefs
- E) cognitive processes

Answer: D Page Ref: 11

Q6. The system of shared meanings, perceptions, and beliefs held by persons belonging to the same group is known as \_\_\_\_.

- A) cultural context
- B) culture
- C) socialization
- D) civilization
- E) interpersonal background

Answer: B Page Ref: 12

Q7. Short-term mating strategies include \_\_\_\_.

- A) the frequency that males and females seek casual sexual encounters
- B) the number of sexual partners males prefer to have before marriage
- C) the approaches that people take to finding partners for non-committed sexual relations
- D) the number of sexual partners people prefer to have outside of a committed relationship
- E) the number of sexual partners females find acceptable in a long-term mate

Answer: D Page Ref: 13

Q8. The term "social categorization" refers to \_\_\_\_.

- A) how we decide to which social category individuals belong
- B) how quickly we can sort individuals into useful social categories
- C) how event-related potentials in the brain translate into social behaviors
- D) how and when racial, sexual, and other categories are useful
- E) whether some classifications take longer than others

Answer: A Page Ref: 16

Q9. Three major components evolution involves are:

- A) mating, brain, and organisms.
- B) history, culture, and individuals.
- C) variation, inheritance, and selection.
- D) inheritance, mating strategies, and gene.
- E) gender, mating, and selection.

Answer: C Page Ref: 12

Q10. The term "implicit egoism" refers to \_\_\_\_.

- A) our unconscious need to balance the competing demands of the id and superego
- B) our unconscious tendency toward self-enhancement
- C) the boost to our self-esteem that results from comparing ourselves favorably to someone we like and respect
- D) our conscious desire to present ourselves in the best possible light
- E) the reason why we sometimes take an immediate liking or disliking to people we have just met

Answer: B Page Ref: 18